PI 542011 to 542020-continued

- PI 542017 origin: China. developer country: United States. origin institute: Morton Arboretum, Lisle, Illinois. pedigree: Seedling selection from seedlot collected wild in China. Perennial. Breeding Material. Plant.
- PI 542018 origin: UNCERTAIN. developer country: United States. origin institute: Oregon State University, Experiment Station, Medford, Oregon. pedigree: Probably a seedling selection. Perennial. Breeding Material. Plant.
- PI 542019 origin: China. pedigree: Selection of seed-propagated variety from China. collected: January 01, 1924. locality: Harbin. Perennial. Cultivated. Plant.
- PI 542020 origin: Asia. developer country: United States. origin institute: Oregon State University, Experiment Station, Medford, Oregon. pedigree: Seedling selection from Asian seedlot. Perennial. Breeding Material. Plant.
- PI 542021. Pyrus ussuriensis Maxim. ROSACEAE Sand Pear

Donated by: Miller, C. Ferris, Chollipo Arboretum, 344-16 Yonhui-Dong, Seoul, Korea, Republic of. remarks: Pyrus accessions at NCGR-Corvallis being numbered. Received June 28, 1984.

origin: Korea. pedigree: Collected from the wild in Korea. latitude: 36 deg. N. longitude: 128 deg. E. Perennial. Wild. Seed.

PI 542022. Pyrus ussuriensis Maxim. ROSACEAE Asian Pear

Donated by: Beutel, James A., University of California, Department of Pomology, Davis, California, United States. **remarks:** Pyrus accessions at NCGR-Corvallis being numbered. Received January 22, 1986.

origin: United States. developer country: China.
cultivar: Hsiang Sui Li. Perennial. Cultivar. Cutting.

PI 542023. Pyrus ussuriensis Maxim. ROSACEAE Asian Pear

Donated by: Beutel, James A., University of California, Department of Pomology, Davis, California, United States. **remarks:** Pyrus accessions at NCGR-Corvallis being numbered. Received February 12, 1986.

origin: United States. developer country: China.
cultivar: Tsu Li. Perennial. Cultivar. Plant.